

# Worklog

## 8/5/2023

1. Added a job that removes source data. Added tests.
2. Added a job that saves source files to cloud storage (s3). Added tests.
3. Added an endpoint that allows uploading files. Added tests.
4. Installed and configured the S3 storage driver;

## 8/6/2023

1. Changed API response format. Update tests;

## 8/13/2023

1. Added api.upload\_file permission. Added tests.
2. Added a formatted response for the 403 error;

## 8/26/2023

1. Added API docs;

## 9/5/2023

1. Added "from" and "to" fields into the Revenue type field. Added tests;

## 9/7/2023

1. Added the EmployeeCount data type.
2. Added EmployeeCount's aliases.
3. Added a job that generates an employs count range based on an employ count column.
4. Added tests;

## 9/15/2023

Problem intro: There's a big table named record\_other\_data that stores compiled information in json format. I was going to update some fields in that json data, but in postgres, when you update or delete rows in a table, they won't actually be removed, they just will be flagged as removed. So, the table size is getting bigger. To free disk space, we need to run a command VACUUM FULL. That command makes a copy of a table and removes the original one along with releasing the occupied disk space. The problem is that the server doesn't have enough space to make a copy of the table and so it can't remove old data and because of it the table only is getting bigger and bigger.

1. Configured partitioning on the record\_other\_data table and optimized.
  2. Installed citus extension for postgresql. Researched data compression. The extension can compress data with 6x rate, but there is a problem with performance. Tested only with a partitioned table. (Disabled)
  3. Updated EmployeeCount fields.
  4. Freed disk space.
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Revision #11

Created 5 August 2023 09:52:27 by Jevgeni

Updated 15 September 2023 21:41:16 by Nariman